

# NOTICES

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AMERICAN MATHEMATICAL SOCIETY

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## 1988 ANNUAL AMS-MAA SURVEY

*(First Report)*

Report on the 1988 Survey of New Doctorates, *Edward A. Connors*  
Salary Survey for New Doctorates  
Faculty Survey: Salaries, Tenure, Women  
Doctoral Degrees Conferred, 1987-1988

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### HIGHLIGHTS

1. 856 doctorates in the mathematical sciences were awarded in the period July 1, 1987, through June 30, 1988, by U.S. and Canadian institutions - 703 (82%) were awarded to men. The total number of degrees is an increase of 7% over the average of the fall counts for the last five years.
2. 804 doctorates in the mathematical sciences were awarded by U.S. institutions, an increase over the 779 awarded in 1986-1987, but several hundred below the annual numbers awarded in the early 1970s.
3. Only 45% (363) of the doctorates awarded by U.S. institutions went to U.S. citizens. This percentage has steadily declined since the late 1970s, when three quarters of the doctorates awarded by U.S. institutions went to U.S. citizens. For the second consecutive year the number of doctorates awarded to U.S. citizens is well below 400. The sum total of U.S. citizen new doctorates for the last two years (725) is less than the total for the single year 1974-1975 (741).
4. Although women comprise 21% of the U.S. citizens receiving doctorates, only 16% of the new doctorate hires in the U.S. doctorate-granting departments were women.
5. Starting salaries for new doctorates increased by 4.6% over last year for those reporting nine-month teaching (or teaching and research) positions.

This first report on the 1988 Survey includes a report on the 1988 survey of new doctorates, a report on salaries of new doctorates, salary and other data on faculty members in four-year colleges and universities, and a list of names and thesis titles for members of the 1987-1988 Ph.D. class. The report is based on information collected from questionnaires distributed in May to departments in the mathematical sciences in colleges and universities in the United States and Canada, and later to the recipients of doctoral degrees granted by these departments between July 1987 and June 1988, inclusive. A second round of questionnaires was distributed in September, concerned with data on fall enrollments, class size, teaching loads, and faculty mobility. This data will appear in the second report on the 1988 Survey, in a spring 1989 issue of *Notices*.

For these reports, departments are divided into groups according to the highest degree offered in the mathematical sciences. The groups are described in the Appendix to this report. See April 1988 *Notices*, pages 532-533, for a list of Group I and II departments.

The 1988 Annual AMS-MAA Survey represents the thirty-second in an annual series begun in 1957 by the Society. The 1988 Survey is under the direction of the AMS-MAA Committee on Employment and Educational Policy (CEEP), whose members are Morton Brown, Stefan A. Burr, Edward A. Connors (chair), Philip C. Curtis, Jr., Don O. Loftsgaarden, David J. Lutzer, and Audrey A. Terras. The questionnaires were devised by CEEP's Data Subcommittee whose members are Edward A. Connors (chair), Lincoln K. Durst (consultant), John D. Fulton, James F. Hurley, Charlotte Lin, James W. Maxwell (ex officio), Donald E. McClure, and Donald C. Rung. Comments or suggestions regarding this Survey may be directed to the subcommittee.

### Report on the 1988 Survey of New Doctorates

*Edward A. Connors*

This report presents a statistical profile of new doctorates in the mathematical sciences awarded by universities in the United States and Canada during the period July 1, 1987, through June 30, 1988. It includes the employment status of recipients of 1987-1988 doctorates in the mathematical sciences (as of August 31, 1988), an analysis of the data by sex, minority group, and citizenship, and reports trends in the number of doctoral degrees for each of Groups I through V (see Appendix for description of groups). Table 0 provides the response rates for the 1988 Survey of New Doctorates.

TABLE 0: Response Rates

Group I	39 of 39
Group II	42 of 43 including 6 with 0 degrees
Group III	72 of 81 including 24 with 0 degrees
Group IV	50 of 69 including 3 with 0 degrees
Group Va	10 of 19 including 0 with 0 degrees
Group Vb	17 of 38 including 3 with 0 degrees
Group VI	19 of 28 including 5 with 0 degrees

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**Doctorates Granted**

The number of new doctorates reported for 1987-1988 is 856 (fall 1988 count), compared to 845 for 1986-1987 (fall 1987 count). See Table 1A for comparable statistics from 1982-1983 on. These numbers are obtained from the Annual Survey Reports in the November *Notices*. The number of new doctorates awarded by U.S. institutions in 1987-1988 is 804 (fall count), compared to 779 in 1986-1987 (fall count). As is customary, a second, updated report on the 1987-1988 new doctorates is planned for a spring 1989 issue of *Notices*.

TABLE 1A: New Doctorates, Fall Counts

82-83	83-84	84-85	85-86	86-87	87-88
792	789	769	801	845	856

Table 1B contrasts the numbers reported in the fall and spring for the years 1982-1983 through 1987-1988.

TABLE 1B: New Doctorates, Fall and Spring Counts

	82-83	83-84	84-85	85-86	86-87	87-88
Fall	792	789	769	801	845	856
Spring	840	827	807	827	874	*

\*To appear in a spring 1989 issue of *Notices*.

In Table 1C we record the number of new doctorates in the mathematical sciences in the U.S. and Canada from the years 1982-1983, exclusive of Group Vb. The response rate for Group Vb, which includes departments in engineering and management science, is the lowest of all groups.

TABLE 1C: New Doctorates Awarded by Groups I-Va, VI

82-83	83-84	84-85	85-86	86-87	87-88
767	735	755	743	809	787**

\*\* This is a fall count. The other entries in Table 1C are spring counts. Table 1C will be updated to include a spring count for 1987-1988 in a spring 1989 issue of *Notices*.

**Employment Status of New Doctorates, 1987-1988**

Table 2A shows the employment status, by type of employer and field of degree, of the 856 recipients of doctoral degrees conferred by the mathematical sciences departments in the U.S. and Canada between July 1, 1987, and June 30, 1988. The names of these 856 individuals are listed with their thesis titles in a later section of this First Report of the 1988 Annual Survey. Again this year we present the employment status of the 153 women new doctorates in Table 2B.

The employment matrix, Table 2A, is similar to last year's, with a few exceptions. There was an increase in new doctorates hired in Groups I-V (207 compared to 188), and a decrease in new doctorates hired by government and business (96 compared to 110). Although women comprise 18% of the new doctorates (and 21% of

the U.S. citizen doctorates), only 16% of the new hires in Groups I-V are women.

In rows 1 through 5 of Table 2A the numbers represent those who have accepted appointments in U.S. doctorate-granting mathematical sciences departments (Groups I-V). In the next two rows the figures represent those accepting appointments in U.S. mathematical sciences departments granting masters and bachelors as the highest degree. The information was initially obtained from the department granting the degrees and from data subsequently supplied by recipients themselves.

Of the 529 new doctorates employed in the U.S. 65% (345) assumed academic positions in university or four-year college mathematical sciences departments, and 21% (112) took employment in government, business, or industry. The former is a five percentage point rise over last year and the latter is unchanged.

Table 2A shows as "not yet employed" about 5% of the 1987-1988 new doctorates, excluding those whose employment status is unknown. The data in Table 2A were obtained in many instances early in the summer of 1988 and do not reflect subsequent hiring; an update of Table 2A is planned for the Second Report in a spring 1989 issue of *Notices*. A similar update last year revealed that all but 22 new 1986-1987 doctorates found positions by fall 1987 (see *Notices*, November 1987, page 1082, and April 1988, page 527).

**Sex, Minority Group, and Citizenship of New Doctorates, 1987-1988**

Table 3 presents a breakdown according to sex, minority group, and citizenship of these 856 new doctorates. The information reported in this table was obtained from departments granting the degrees and in some cases from the recipients themselves.

Of the 804 doctorates awarded by U.S. universities, the citizenship is reported as known for 798 recipients, with 363 reporting U.S. citizenship. Thus, only 45% of the doctorates awarded by U.S. institutions went to U.S. citizens. The percentage of U.S. citizens receiving doctorates in the mathematical sciences has declined consistently, from 73% in 1979-1980 to 45% in 1987-1988. For the second consecutive year the number of U.S. citizens receiving doctorates in mathematics is well below 400. Refer to Table 4 and the accompanying graphs.

Women comprise 21% of the U.S. citizens receiving doctorates in the mathematical sciences from U.S. universities in 1987-1988. Since 1972-1973 this percentage has doubled. It has held fairly constant at or above 20% for the last six years. Table 5 presents the data for the period 1973-1974 through 1987-1988.

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**TABLE 2A: Employment Status of 1987-1988 New Doctorates in the Mathematical Sciences**

Type of Employer	PURE MATHEMATICS					Statistics	Computer Science	Operations Research	Applied Mathematics	Discrete Mathematics	Other	Total
	Algebra and Number Theory	Analysis and Functional Analysis	Geometry and Topology	Logic	Probability							
Group I	11	15	21	3	2	1	0	2	11	1	6	73
Group II	9	10	7	1	2	2	1	1	5	0	2	40
Group III	8	6	3	1	0	9	0	0	20	2	1	50
Group IV	0	0	0	0	3	28	1	0	0	0	1	33
Group V	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	5	0	1	11
Masters	12	8	11	1	2	14	2	3	11	2	5	71
Bachelors	16	17	6	4	1	4	0	0	13	1	5	67
Two-year Colleges	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	6
Other Academic Departments	6	5	1	0	2	19	2	7	13	0	13	68
Research Institutes	3	1	0	0	0	5	0	1	3	0	3	16
Government	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	3	1	0	1	14
Business and Industry	2	4	4	0	2	27	2	14	17	0	8	80
Canada, Academic	6	12	4	2	2	6	1	1	2	1	3	40
Canada, Nonacademic	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Foreign, Academic	19	17	13	7	3	29	4	12	14	1	9	128
Foreign, Nonacademic	2	2	3	0	0	2	1	4	3	0	3	20
Not seeking employment	0	3	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	6
Not yet employed	9	5	4	2	0	8	0	0	10	2	4	44
Unknown	15	21	10	2	3	9	1	6	16	0	5	88
<b>Total</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>856</b>

**TABLE 2B: Employment Status of 1987-1988 New Doctorates in the Mathematical Sciences Females Only**

Type of Employer	PURE MATHEMATICS					Statistics	Computer Science	Operations Research	Applied Mathematics	Discrete Mathematics	Other	Total
	Algebra and Number Theory	Analysis and Functional Analysis	Geometry and Topology	Logic	Probability							
Group I	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	9
Group II	2	1	2	1	1	0	1	1	2	0	0	11
Group III	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Group IV	0	0	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	0	1	9
Group V	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Masters	2	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	2	2	3	13
Bachelors	4	5	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	13
Two-year Colleges	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	4
Other Academic Departments	1	0	0	0	0	4	0	2	0	0	4	11
Research Institutes	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	3
Government	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	3
Business and Industry	2	0	1	0	0	8	0	0	3	0	3	17
Canada, Academic	1	3	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	7
Canada, Nonacademic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Foreign, Academic	3	3	0	1	1	7	0	1	0	0	2	18
Foreign, Nonacademic	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	5
Not seeking employment	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
Not yet employed	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	6
Unknown	3	5	1	1	0	4	1	0	2	0	1	18
<b>Total</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>153</b>

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**TABLE 3: Sex, Minority Group, and Citizenship of New Doctorates**  
July 1, 1987-June 30, 1988

U.S. DEGREES	MEN					WOMEN					TOTAL
	CITIZENSHIP					CITIZENSHIP					
	RACIAL/ETHNIC GROUP	U.S.	Canada	Other	Not Known	Total Men	U.S.	Canada	Other	Not Known	
Asian, Pacific Islander	7	1	149	3	160	2		26		28	188
Black	3		5		8	1				1	9
American Indian, Eskimo, Aleut	1		1		2						2
Mexican American, Puerto Rican, or other Hispanic	4		19		23	1		2		3	26
None of those above	269	8	161	3	441	69	2	33		104	545
Unknown	3		24		27	3		4		7	34
<b>Total Number</b>	<b>287</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>359</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>661</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>65</b>		<b>143</b>	<b>804</b>

CANADIAN DEGREES	MEN					WOMEN					TOTAL
	CITIZENSHIP					CITIZENSHIP					
	RACIAL/ETHNIC GROUP	U.S.	Canada	Other	Not Known	Total Men	U.S.	Canada	Other	Not Known	
Asian, Pacific Islander	1	2	5		8			1		1	9
Black											
American Indian, Eskimo, Aleut											
Mexican American, Puerto Rican, or other Hispanic								1		1	2
None of those above	1	16	8	3	28		1	6		7	35
Unknown		4	2		6		1			1	7
<b>Total Number</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>42</b>		<b>2</b>	<b>8</b>		<b>10</b>	<b>52</b>

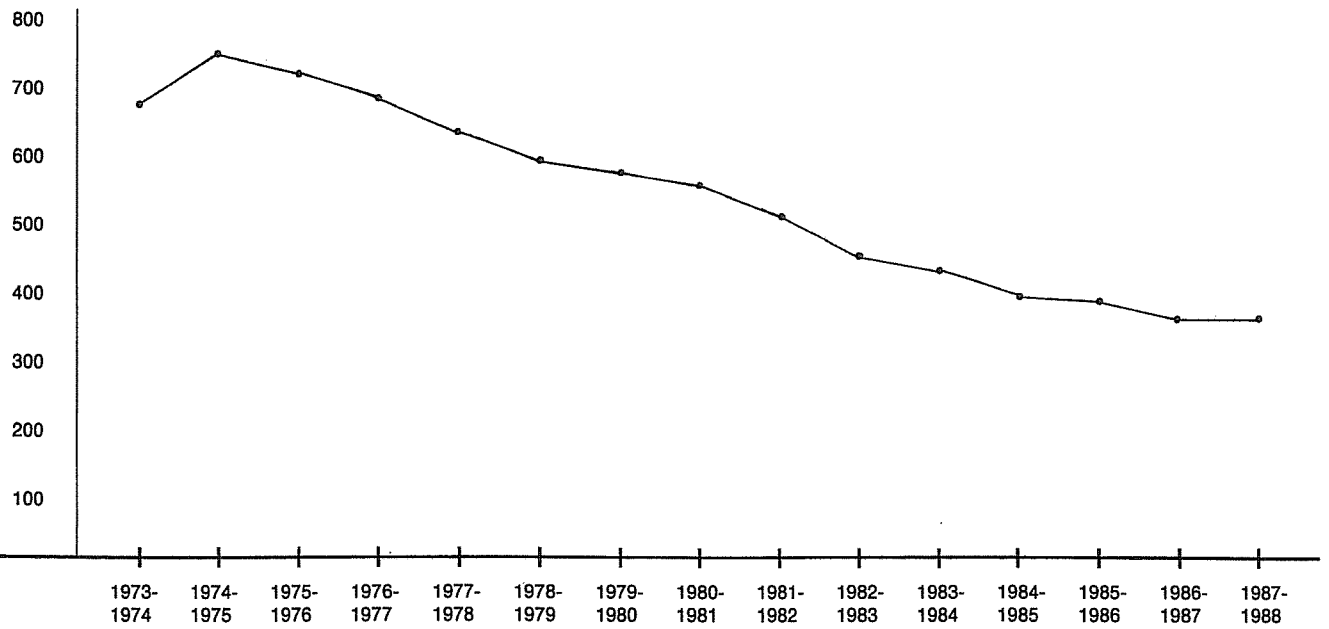
**Citizenship and Sex of U.S. Doctorates, 1973 to 1988**

Again this year, information is presented on the annual number of doctorates granted by U.S. universities to U.S. citizens (Table 4). This number is divided into male and female doctorates (Table 5). These data are presented for the period 1973 to 1988 using the Annual Survey Reports published each year in the November *Notices*. Thus Tables 4 and 5 are extensions of tables in last year's Report. In Table 4 the first column (headed Adjusted Total of Doctorates given by U.S. Universities) gives the number of doctorates granted between July 1 and June 30 of the indicated years whose citizenship is known. Column 2 gives the number who are U.S. citizens and column 3 the percentage that this represents. In Table 5 the number in column 2 of Table 4 is further divided into men and women. Note that in both tables all years prior to 1982-1983 include doctorates granted by computer science departments.

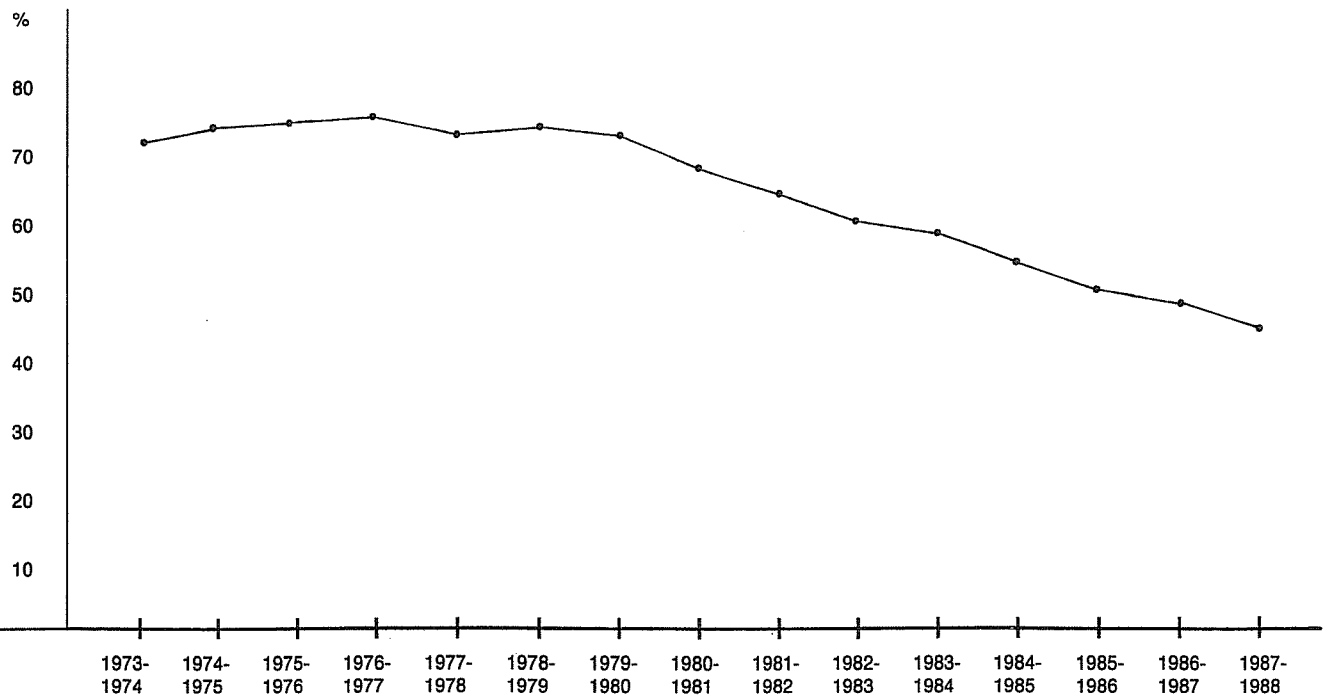
**TABLE 4: U.S. Citizen Doctorates**

	Adjusted Total of Doctorates given by U.S. universities	Total of Doctorates who are U.S. citizens	%
1973-1974	938	677	72%
1974-1975	999	741	74%
1975-1976	965	722	75%
1976-1977	901	689	76%
1977-1978	868	634	73%
1978-1979	806	596	74%
1979-1980	791	578	73%
1980-1981	839	567	68%
1981-1982	798	519	65%
1982-1983	744	455	61%
1983-1984	738	433	59%
1984-1985	726	396	55%
1985-1986	755	386	51%
1986-1987	739	362	49%
1987-1988	798	363	45%

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**Graph for Table 4: U.S. Citizen Doctorates  
Total of Doctorates Who Are U.S. Citizens**



**Graph for Table 4: U.S. Citizen Doctorates  
Total of Doctorates by Percent**

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TABLE 5: U.S. Citizen Doctorates,  
Male and Female

	Doctorates who are			% Female
	U.S. Citizens	Male	Female	
1973-1974	677	618	59	9%
1974-1975	741	658	83	11%
1975-1976	722	636	86	12%
1976-1977	689	602	87	13%
1977-1978	634	545	89	14%
1978-1979	596	503	93	16%
1979-1980	578	491	87	15%
1980-1981	567	465	102	18%
1981-1982	519	431	88	17%
1982-1983	455	366	89	20%
1983-1984	433	346	87	20%
1984-1985	396	315	81	20%
1985-1986	386	304	82	21%
1986-1987	362	289	73	20%
1987-1988	363	287	76	21%

## Concluding Remarks

We again express our deep concern at the low number of American citizens receiving doctorates in the mathematical sciences. Tables 4 and 5, and the accompanying graphs, provide cause for alarm within the mathematics community and the many groups it services. American business, industry, government and academe must be prepared for the severe effects of this drought.

We close with a quote from the National Research Council's *Summary Report 1986 - Doctorate Recipients from United States Universities*, which comments on the failure of mathematics to match the physical sciences in relative doctoral production:

"The growth evidenced in the 1980s [in the number of doctorates awarded in the physical sciences], however, disguised the fact that the cluster field of mathematics never stemmed the decline that began in the 1970s. The 730 mathematics doctorates earned in 1986 were 43 percent fewer than the 1,281 Ph.D.s earned in 1972. Note that the field of computer sciences was added in 1977, and it attracted some scholars who might otherwise have studied mathematics (or engineering). Yet even when the computer scientists were added to the mathematicians, the combined number in 1986 (1,129) still represented a loss that was double the average size of decline (12 percent, instead of 6 percent). Moreover, the field of mathematics decreased despite its attraction of the largest component of temporary visa-holders of any of the physical sciences - 37.3 percent."

*Summary Report 1986 - Doctorate Recipients from United States Universities*, National Academy Press, Washington, D.C. 1987, pages 21-22.

(For a detailed comparison with the physical sciences see *Taking Stock: Is American Mathematics in Decline?*, Edward A. Connors, *The Scientist*, to appear.)

Salary Survey for New Recipients of  
Doctorates, 1987-1988

The figures for 1988 were compiled from questionnaires sent to individuals who received a doctorate in the mathematical sciences during the 1987-1988 academic year from universities in the United States and Canada.

Questionnaires requesting information on salaries and professional experience were distributed to 669 recipients of degrees using addresses provided by the departments which granted the degrees. Of these, 9 were returned by the postal service as undeliverable and could not be forwarded. There were 347 individuals who returned forms between late June and early September. The tables below are based on the responses from 307 of these individuals (240 men and 67 women). Data from 40 responses were not used in the compilation of the tables below; forms with insufficient data, or from individuals who had indicated they had part-time employment, were not yet employed, or were not seeking employment were considered unusable.

Readers should be warned that the data in this report are obtained from a self-selected sample and inferences from them may not be representative of the population. For more comprehensive information on the recipients of new doctorates granted last year in the mathematical sciences in the U.S. and Canada, see the preceding article by E. Connors.

**Key to Tables.** *Salaries* are listed in hundreds of dollars. *Years* listed refer to the academic year ending in the listed year. *M* and *F* are Male and Female respectively. *One year experience* means that the persons had experience limited to one year or less in the same position or a position similar to the one reported; some persons receiving a doctorate had been employed in their present position for several years. ( $X + Y$ ) means there are  $X$  men and  $Y$  women in the 1988 sample. Quartile figures are given only in cases where the number of responses is large enough to make them meaningful.

**Graphs.** The horizontal line represents the median salary for 1987 in hundreds of dollars. The points plotted are the relevant data for each year converted to 1987 dollars using the implicit price deflator prepared annually by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce. Where available, first and third quartiles appear as boxes along the vertical lines. (Because the deflator is not yet available for this year, the 1988 figures do not appear on the graphs.)

Note that salaries for teaching, or teaching and research, have yet to return to their high point of 1970, although steady progress has been made since 1980. (For further details, see Donald Rung's article, "A Fifteen Year Retrospective on Academic Salaries of U.S. Doctorate Holding Faculty," in the November 1985 issue of *Notices*, pp. 772-773.)

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Nine-Month Salaries

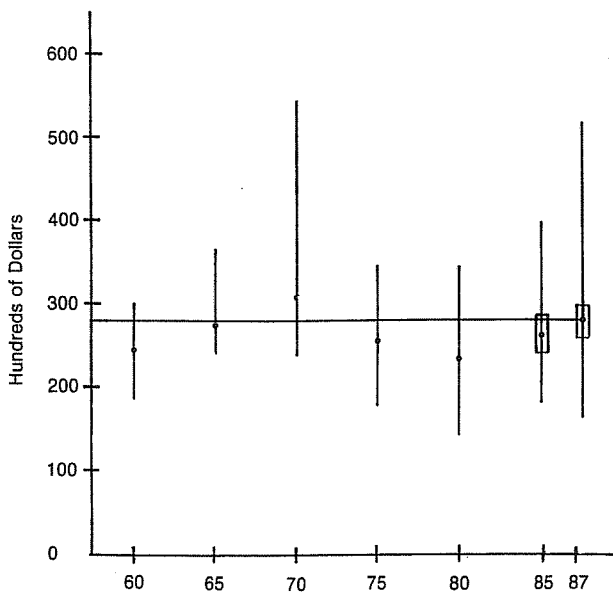
<i>Ph.D.</i> Year	Min	Q <sub>1</sub>	Median	Q <sub>3</sub>	Max	Reported Median in 1987 \$
TEACHING OR TEACHING AND RESEARCH (148 + 42)						
1960	49		65		80	248
1965	70		80		105	279
1970	85		110		195	308
1975	90	120	128	135	173	254
1980	105	155	171	185	250	235
1983	80	200	217	240	350	246
1984	140	215	230	255	380	251
1985	170	23	250	270	380	264
1986	170	250	269	290	400	278
1987	165	260	280	300	517	280
1988	200	275	293	314	575	—
1985M	186	232	250	270	380	
1985F	170	215	242	270	366	
1986M	170	250	269	290	400	
1986F	230	250	268	294	270	
1987M	165	260	280	300	517	
1987F	230	251	280	325	420	
1988M	200	274	290	315	520	
1988F	216	275	299	314	575	
One Year Experience (122 + 32)						
1988M	200	273	290	312	450	
1988F	216	275	295	310	360	

Nine-Month Salaries

<i>Ph.D.</i> Year	Min	Median	Max	Reported Median in 1987 \$
RESEARCH (6 + 0)				
1960	52	65	80	248
1965	71	81	90	282
1970	78	105	160	294
1975	100	—	110	—
1980	125	137	180	188
1983	100	200	230	227
1984	205	205	205	224
1985	205	235	250	249
1986	215	245	280	253
1987	250	300	300	300
1988	260	280	385	—
1985M	205	226	250	
1985F	—	—	—	
1986M	215	250	280	
1986F	240	240	240	
1987M	250	300	300	
1987F	—	—	—	
1988M	260	280	385	
1988F	—	—	—	
One Year Experience (5 + 0)				
1988M	260	260	385	
1988F	—	—	—	

Nine-Month Teaching

Nine-Month Research



Graph omitted because sample size too small



Annual AMS-MAA Survey

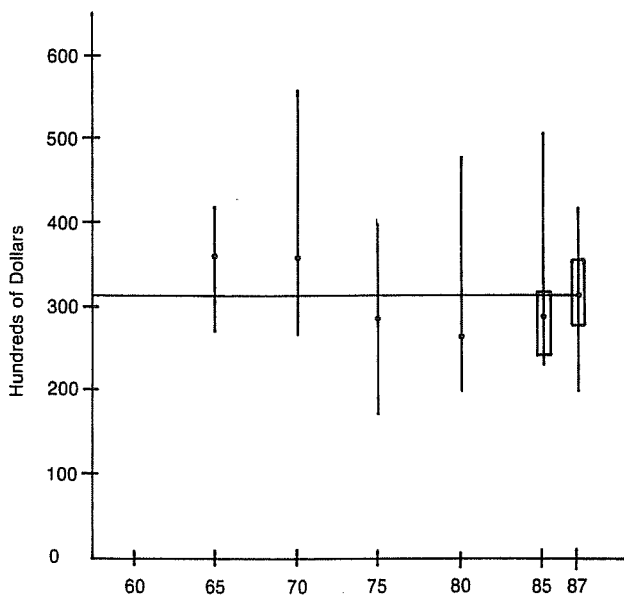
Twelve-Month Salaries

<i>Ph.D.</i> Year	Min	Q <sub>1</sub>	Median	Q <sub>3</sub>	Max	Reported Median in 1987 \$
TEACHING OR TEACHING AND RESEARCH (24 + 7)						
1960	..... NO DATA .....					
1965	78		104		121	362
1970	95		128		200	359
1975	87		145		204	288
1980	143		195		350	268
1983	160		260		320	295
1984	134		260		450	284
1985	220	230	273	300	470	290
1986	220	265	320	360	480	331
1987	200	283	315	357	520	315
1988	220	313	330	360	480	—
1985M	230	235	240	300	470	
1985F	220	243	280	295	420	
1986M	220	270	321	360	480	
1986F	240	245	285	340	360	
1987M	200	270	300	358	520	
1987F	300	320	339	357	450	
1988M	220	308	330	355	480	
1988F	329	335	350	365	441	
One Year Experience (20 + 4)						
1988M	220	303	325	350	400	
1988F	329	330	340	396	441	

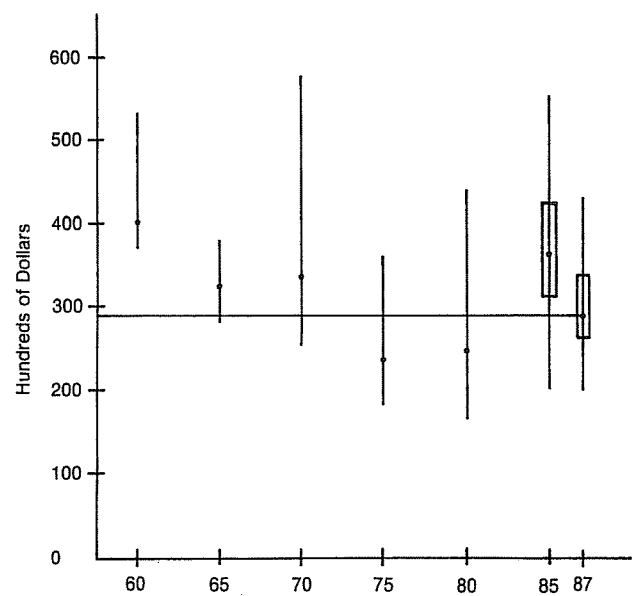
Twelve-Month Salaries

<i>Ph.D.</i> Year	Min	Q <sub>1</sub>	Median	Q <sub>3</sub>	Max	Reported Median in 1987 \$
RESEARCH (15 + 5)						
1960	97		105		140	400
1965	81		93		107	324
1970	90		120		205	336
1975	90		119		180	236
1980	120		180		321	247
1983	155		262		450	297
1984	145		261		415	285
1985	190	295	342	400	520	363
1986	160	240	300	325	510	310
1987	200	260	287	337	430	287
1988	200	245	295	331	505	—
1985M	190	300	360	405	520	
1985F	279	290	300	312	323	
1986M	160	240	300	330	510	
1986F	240	240	270	300	300	
1987M	200	250	282	337	400	
1987F	300	308	316	373	430	
1988M	200	240	280	330	505	
1988F	280	320	330	350	360	
One Year Experience (14 + 4)						
1988M	200	240	280	330	505	
1988F	320	325	340	355	360	

Twelve-Month Teaching



Twelve-Month Research



Annual AMS-MAA Survey

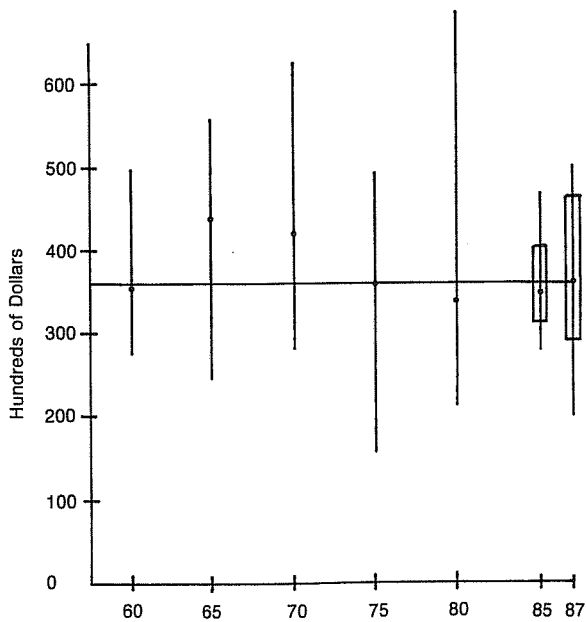
Twelve-Month Salaries

Ph.D. Year	Min	Q <sub>1</sub>	Median	Q <sub>3</sub>	Max	Reported Median in 1987 \$
<b>GOVERNMENT (9 + 2)</b>						
1960	72		93		130	354
1965	70		126		160	438
1970	100		150		223	420
1975	78		182		247	361
1980	156		244		501	335
1983	160		322		422	365
1984	140		315		490	344
1985	263	294	325	381	440	345
1986	270	330	400	449	610	413
1987	200	290	360	465	500	360
1988	240	298	343	405	436	—
1985M	263	294	325	381	440	
1985F	—	—	—	—	—	
1986M	270	330	400	449	610	
1986F	—	—	—	—	—	
1987M	200	290	360	465	500	
1987F	—	—	—	—	—	
1988M	240	290	332	360	436	
1988F	380	380	405	430	430	
<b>One Year Experience (7 + 2)</b>						
1988M	240	285	305	338	435	
1988F	380	380	405	430	430	

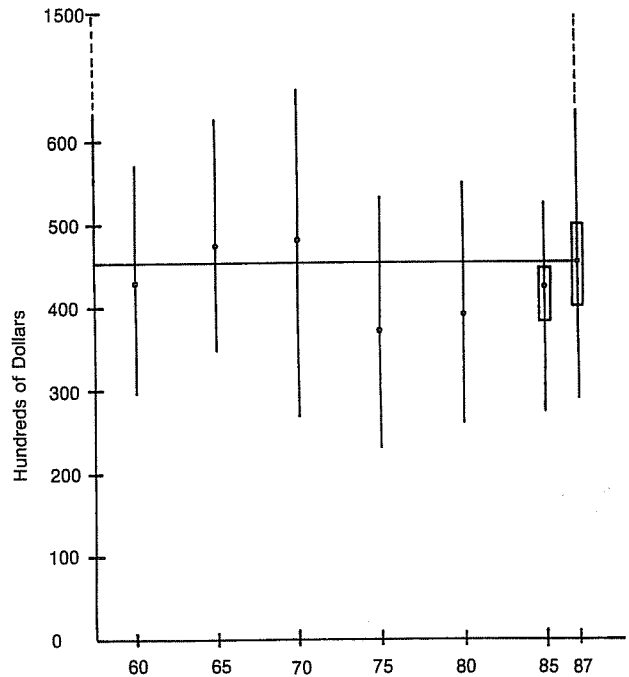
Twelve-Month Salaries

Ph.D. Year	Min	Q <sub>1</sub>	Median	Q <sub>3</sub>	Max	Reported Median in 1987 \$
<b>BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY (38 + 11)</b>						
1960	78		110		150	419
1965	100		136		180	474
1970	96		170		235	476
1975	114		187		240	371
1980	190		284		400	390
1983	276		375		580	425
1984	180		378		660	413
1985	260	360	400	420	493	425
1986	324	373	425	477	750	439
1987	290	400	451	500	1500	451
1988	300	400	440	490	1100	—
1985M	260	360	400	425	493	
1985F	295	330	370	409	430	
1986M	324	390	453	492	750	
1986F	350	357	375	400	440	
1987M	290	400	465	517	1500	
1987F	300	394	424	466	502	
1988M	300	400	431	490	1100	
1988F	375	437	454	495	660	
<b>One Year Experience (26 + 4)</b>						
1988M	300	380	415	470	540	
1988F	418	426	437	470	500	

Twelve-Month Government



Twelve-Month Industry



Annual AMS-MAA Survey

### Faculty Salaries, Tenure, Women

The questionnaires sent to departments in the mathematical sciences asked for information on salaries and tenure. Departments submitted a minimum, median, and maximum salary figure for each of four academic ranks, for staff members both with and without doctorates. Annual salaries of full-time faculty members for the academic year of 9 or 10 months were sought. The 1988 questionnaire requested information for both the years 1987-1988 and 1988-1989. In the salary tables on the

following pages the numbers in parentheses give the range of the middle fifty percent of salaries reported. The figures outside the parentheses represent the minimum and maximum salary listed by any reporting institution. In some categories relatively few departments reported and, because significant figures were not available, salaries are not listed.

The information reported this year on the number of faculty members is based on returns from 729 departments in the mathematical sciences, 60 of which did not contain usable salary information.

**TABLE 1: Total Faculty Reported for Four-Year Colleges and Universities**

	1987-1988				1988-1989			
	Faculty		Women		Faculty		Women	
	Total	With Tenure	Total	With Tenure	Total	With Tenure	Total	With Tenure
<b>WITHOUT DOCTORATE</b>								
Instructor/Lecturer	850	45	482	17	810	51	476	20
Assistant Professor	624	313	193	85	603	302	193	81
Associate Professor	375	344	64	56	364	333	65	56
Professor	128	118	13	12	130	120	15	14
Total	1977	820	752	170	1907	806	749	171
<b>WITH DOCTORATE</b>								
Instructor/Lecturer	198	15	50	5	196	14	42	4
Assistant Professor	1913	192	314	28	2026	217	343	36
Associate Professor	2541	2205	241	207	2546	2233	264	222
Professor	4298	4223	217	200	4387	4299	231	213
Total	8950	6635	822	440	9155	6763	880	475

**TABLE 2: Percent of Doctorate Faculty with Tenure**

	Fall 1987	Fall 1988
Groups I, II, III	77.2%	76.8%
Groups IV, V	74.1%	73.7%
Group VI	88.5%	88.9%
Masters and Bachelors	69.5%	69.5%

**TABLE 3: Response Rates**

		U.S. Departments						
		I	II	III	IV	V	M	B
Group	% Response	67	93	79	74	29	53	40
		Canadian Departments						
Group	% Response	VI						
		57						

**Response Rates.** Response rates among the various classes of departments vary widely, thus making it difficult to draw firm conclusions about the sizes of the faculty groups studied. Because the questionnaires request data for two years in a row, however, it is possible to estimate relative changes from one year to the next with somewhat more confidence. This year's response rates are given in Table 3. As in past years, the greatest rates of response are in Groups I, II, and III, which have a combined response rate of 80%.

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SIZE OF FACULTY								SALARIES (in hundreds of dollars)								
1987-1988				1988-1989				1987-1988			1988-1989					
FACULTY	WOMEN			FACULTY	WOMEN			Minimum	Median	Maximum	Minimum	Median	Maximum			
Total	With Tenure	Without Tenure		Total	With Tenure	Without Tenure										
<b>DOCTORATE GRANTING DEPARTMENTS</b>																
<b>Group I (26 of 39 reporting)</b>																
<u>WITHOUT DOCTORATE</u>																
Instructor/Lecturer	6	1	3	0	5	1	2	0								
Assistant Professor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Associate Professor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Professor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
	6	1	3	0	5	1	2	0								
<u>WITH DOCTORATE</u>																
Instructor/Lecturer	88	2	13	0	88	2	12	0	218(260-296)	(266-298)	(272-303)385	266(278-312)	(276-316)	(289-358)414		
Assistant Professor	161	2	12	0	163	2	11	0	241(276-315)	(299-343)	(325-374)415	248(290-330)	(316-356)	(335-396)439		
Associate Professor	186	176	12	12	194	185	14	14	279(302-397)	(370-434)	(400-485)575	293(322-393)	(389-455)	(432-521)615		
Professor	754	753	18	18	765	764	20	20	312(347-450)	(515-629)	(737-908)1100	312(375-497)	(555-659)	(831-950)1190		
	1189	933	55	30	1210	953	57	34								
<b>DOCTORATE GRANTING DEPARTMENTS</b>																
<b>Group II (40 of 43 reporting)</b>																
<u>WITHOUT DOCTORATE</u>																
Instructor/Lecturer	76	4	52	2	70	4	46	2	160(192-218)	(201-234)	(209-250)265	166(200-236)	(203-246)	(223-271)494		
Assistant Professor	7	7	1	1	6	6	1	1	238(238-292)	—	—	—	—	—		
Associate Professor	9	8	2	1	8	7	2	1	303(303-416)	—	—	—	—	—		
Professor	3	3	0	0	3	3	0	0	427(427-534)	—	—	—	—	—		
	95	22	55	4	87	20	49	4								
<u>WITH DOCTORATE</u>																
Instructor/Lecturer	31	2	9	0	35	2	6	0	203(208-284)	(208-293)	(216-364)381	212(231-297)	(214-310)	(242-378)382		
Assistant Professor	242	20	32	2	252	29	35	1	230(264-310)	(288-338)	(312-375)457	255(283-327)	(306-360)	(340-403)493		
Associate Professor	400	380	23	21	403	384	26	24	229(295-364)	(334-410)	(394-488)553	236(306-372)	(357-418)	(430-517)608		
Professor	729	727	25	24	744	732	25	25	313(366-431)	(462-570)	(644-784)900	313(389-465)	(487-613)	(675-857)950		
	1402	1129	89	47	1434	1147	92	50								
<b>DOCTORATE GRANTING DEPARTMENTS</b>																
<b>Group III (64 of 81 reporting)</b>																
<u>WITHOUT DOCTORATE</u>																
Instructor/Lecturer	109	0	60	0	96	1	64	1	136(163-195)	(173-221)	(183-237)390	136(167-200)	(187-229)	(190-245)390		
Assistant Professor	32	28	13	10	27	23	11	7	216(222-296)	(235-309)	(249-318)450	220(237-340)	(245-344)	(259-344)420		
Associate Professor	21	21	2	2	19	18	1	1	239(267-425)	(305-405)	(309-430)433	248(270-452)	(315-438)	(351-455)470		
Professor	9	8	0	0	8	7	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—		
	171	57	75	12	150	49	76	9								
<u>WITH DOCTORATE</u>																
Instructor/Lecturer	18	1	5	0	12	1	4	0	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Assistant Professor	364	28	44	3	394	23	48	2	207(253-285)	(279-309)	(301-348)460	240(266-300)	(288-328)	(316-353)460		
Associate Professor	460	414	33	31	435	401	43	40	190(280-340)	(324-380)	(360-437)520	200(289-358)	(338-393)	(377-452)550		
Professor	667	661	23	23	678	671	19	18	234(338-421)	(410-506)	(517-687)915	313(356-444)	(439-530)	(538-718)981		
	1509	1104	105	57	1519	1096	114	60								
<b>DOCTORATE GRANTING DEPARTMENTS</b>																
<b>Group IV (51 of 69 reporting)</b>																
<u>WITHOUT DOCTORATE</u>																
Instructor/Lecturer	10	0	9	0	11	0	11	0								
Assistant Professor	3	1	0	0	5	1	1	0								
Associate Professor	6	4	0	0	6	4	0	0								
Professor	7	7	1	1	7	7	1	1								
	26	12	10	1	29	12	13	1								
<u>WITH DOCTORATE</u>																
Instructor/Lecturer	13	2	8	2	11	1	6	1	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Assistant Professor	126	2	28	0	131	2	28	0	270(296-320)	(310-344)	(321-369)442	294(307-353)	(322-361)	(336-390)446		
Associate Professor	150	117	15	10	154	120	17	11	269(327-392)	(365-417)	(376-490)591	307(340-417)	(382-442)	(414-513)655		
Professor	363	350	20	11	365	354	20	11	348(403-492)	(493-631)	(622-838)1022	323(433-517)	(524-664)	(650-893)1200		
	652	471	71	23	662	477	71	23								

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	SIZE OF FACULTY								SALARIES (in hundreds of dollars)								
	1987-1988				1988-1989				1987-1988			1988-1989					
	FACULTY	WOMEN	FACULTY	WOMEN	FACULTY	WOMEN	FACULTY	WOMEN	Minimum	Median	Maximum	Minimum	Median	Maximum			
	With	With		With	With		With	With									
	Total	Tenure	Total	Tenure	Total	Tenure	Total	Tenure									
<b>DOCTORATE GRANTING DEPARTMENTS</b>																	
<b>Group V (9 of 31 reporting)</b>																	
<u>WITHOUT DOCTORATE</u>																	
Instructor/Lecturer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0									
Assistant Professor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0									
Associate Professor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0									
Professor	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0									
	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0									
<u>WITH DOCTORATE</u>																	
Instructor/Lecturer	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Assistant Professor	20	1	1	0	20	1	1	0	290(320-378)	(318-378)	(334-406)450	305(355-393)	(363-403)	(370-431)458			
Associate Professor	20	19	0	0	19	17	0	0	302(344-423)	(372-479)	(402-533)580	400(405-436)	(413-501)	(419-553)590			
Professor	86	86	5	5	87	87	5	5	417(430-539)	(542-638)	(735-860)880	440(460-580)	(610-676)	(770-868)920			
	127	106	7	5	127	105	7	5									
<b>DOCTORATE GRANTING DEPARTMENTS</b>																	
<b>Group VI (16 of 28 reporting)</b>																	
(Canadian Departments)																	
<u>WITHOUT DOCTORATE</u>																	
Instructor/Lecturer	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	1									
Assistant Professor	18	9	6	4	15	9	6	4									
Associate Professor	10	10	1	1	10	10	1	1									
Professor	7	7	0	0	8	8	0	0									
	38	27	8	6	35	28	8	6									
<u>WITH DOCTORATE</u>																	
Instructor/Lecturer	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Assistant Professor	34	4	2	0	36	4	2	0	253(266-315)	(291-327)	(306-426)445	253(266-358)	(303-373)	(316-405)420			
Associate Professor	124	118	7	7	122	119	8	8	294(329-476)	(406-509)	(451-544)677	318(366-483)	(428-559)	(451-667)718			
Professor	172	172	4	4	177	176	4	4	397(414-526)	(499-673)	(561-790)926	391(412-583)	(499-707)	(561-983)997			
	332	294	14	11	336	299	15	12									
<b>MASTER DEGREE GRANTING DEPARTMENTS</b>																	
<b>(143 of 271 reporting)</b>																	
<u>WITHOUT DOCTORATE</u>																	
Instructor/Lecturer	332	26	201	11	330	27	199	12	124(176-223)	(188-235)	(205-284)554	124(181-235)	(194-263)	(211-303)580			
Assistant Professor	201	134	60	32	200	133	58	30	195(254-305)	(273-333)	(286-352)428	204(265-322)	(286-337)	(296-371)450			
Associate Professor	132	128	19	18	130	125	20	18	205(288-380)	(310-392)	(333-412)527	240(300-395)	(323-414)	(350-415)575			
Professor	47	46	4	3	48	46	5	4	340(392-510)	(411-530)	(425-530)590	354(405-517)	(424-530)	(449-534)629			
	712	334	284	64	708	331	282	64									
<u>WITH DOCTORATE</u>																	
Instructor/Lecturer	30	7	8	3	29	7	7	3	197(207-315)	(261-336)	(274-371)431	201(227-332)	(300-354)	(257-385)439			
Assistant Professor	517	74	99	14	545	87	109	20	200(255-287)	(269-311)	(292-351)463	210(268-302)	(287-329)	(308-370)508			
Associate Professor	643	527	79	65	656	546	88	69	132(292-347)	(324-388)	(354-436)533	132(308-357)	(339-402)	(380-462)558			
Professor	881	852	55	52	893	869	63	59	263(355-430)	(387-480)	(420-536)840	257(373-446)	(409-499)	(442-568)905			
	2071	1460	241	134	2123	1509	267	151									
<b>BACHELOR DEGREE GRANTING DEPARTMENTS</b>																	
<b>(380 of 952 reporting)</b>																	
<u>WITHOUT DOCTORATE</u>																	
Instructor/Lecturer	314	13	156	3	296	17	153	4	135(193-224)	(200-237)	(207-248)336	144(201-244)	(206-250)	(219-265)355			
Assistant Professor	363	134	113	38	350	130	116	39	140(215-273)	(231-285)	(244-309)399	170(225-285)	(240-305)	(261-326)419			
Associate Professor	197	173	40	34	191	169	41	35	180(253-352)	(270-358)	(278-382)507	180(269-368)	(285-388)	(291-412)553			
Professor	54	46	8	8	55	48	9	9	280(319-409)	(339-432)	(317-457)527	211(330-416)	(331-448)	(330-450)559			
	928	366	317	83	892	364	319	87									
<u>WITH DOCTORATE</u>																	
Instructor/Lecturer	15	1	5	0	18	1	5	0	188(202-278)	(215-285)	(202-295)304	200(211-301)	(221-300)	(211-316)319			
Assistant Professor	449	61	96	9	485	69	109	13	190(246-280)	(257-290)	(266-321)493	198(260-298)	(265-310)	(286-342)480			
Associate Professor	558	454	72	61	563	461	68	56	180(279-330)	(292-351)	(309-385)687	180(295-357)	(305-375)	(324-410)736			
Professor	646	622	67	63	678	646	75	71	224(325-400)	(331-440)	(360-479)765	232(346-430)	(352-473)	(377-506)796			
	1668	1138	240	133	1744	1177	257	140									

Annual AMS-MAA Survey

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Annual AMS-MAA Survey attempts to provide an accurate appraisal and analysis of various aspects of the mathematical scene vital to the entire mathematical community. Yearly, collegiate departments in the United States, and the doctoral-granting departments in Canada, are provided the opportunity to respond to this survey. The quantity and quality of the responses directly determine the quality of the information in these reports. Without the dedicated cooperation of the secretarial and administrative support staff in the mathematical science departments we would not be able to conduct a survey, nor be confident in our analysis of its results. We are, unfortunately, unable to thank all the departmental assistants for their cooperation, but it is nonetheless appreciated. However, we are able to thank the administrative support staff of the AMS, especially Marcia Almeida, Monica Foulkes, James W. Maxwell, and James A. Voytuk. Their efforts are acknowledged and appreciated.

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**Groups I and II** include the leading departments of mathematics in the U.S. according to the 1982 assessment of Research-Doctorate Programs conducted by the Conference Board of Associated Research Councils in which departments were rated according to the quality of their graduate faculty.<sup>1</sup>

**Group I** is composed of 39 departments with scores in the 3.0-5.0 range.

**Group II** is composed of 43 departments with scores in the 2.0-2.9 range.

**Group III** contains the remaining U.S. departments reporting a doctoral program.

**Group IV** contains U.S. departments (or programs) of statistics, biostatistics and biometrics reporting a doctoral program.

**Group V** contains U.S. departments (or programs) in applied mathematics/applied science, operations research and management science which report a doctoral program.

**Group Va** is applied mathematics/applied science; **Group Vb** is operations research and management science.

**Group VI** contains doctorate-granting departments (or programs) in the mathematical sciences in Canadian universities.

**Group M** contains U.S. departments granting a master's degree as the highest graduate degree.

**Group B** contains U.S. departments granting a baccalaureate degree only.

<sup>1</sup>These findings were published in *An Assessment of Research-Doctorate Programs in the United States: Mathematical and Physical Sciences*, edited by Lyle V. Jones, Gardner Lindzey, and Porter E. Coggeshall, National Academy Press, Washington, D.C., 1982. The information on mathematics, statistics and computer science was presented in digest form in the April 1983 issue of *Notices*, pages 257-267, and an analysis of the above classifications was given in the June 1983 *Notices*, pages 392-393. For a listing of departments in Groups I and II see April 1988 *Notices*, pages 532-533.